

**Docket No. 1073.060**

Claims 1-30 were originally included in the application as filed on June 15, 2002. Claims 1, 4, 6, 8-11, 14, 16, 18-21, 24, 26, and 28-30 were amended in a response to an initial Office Action mailed on May 16, 2001. Claims 1, 4, 7, 9-11, 14, 17-21, 24, and 27-30 were further amended in a response to an Office Action mailed on December 3, 2001. Claims 1-30 are currently pending.

Attached hereto is a marked up version of the changes made to claims 1-30. The attachment is captioned "**VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE.**"

A second telephone interview between Examiners Scheinberg and Marschel and Applicants' undersigned Attorney was conducted on August 21, 2002. Applicants note here their appreciation to the Examiners for their consideration in granting another interview in this case. The teachings of the Ho reference with respect to 35 U.S.C. §102 rejection were discussed at that time, and specifically, its teachings with respect to the first step of claims 1, 11 and 21.

**Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §112**

Claims 1, 11 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Specifically, the Office Action states that the specification does not disclose any clear contemplation of not using an incremental construction method as claimed, and, thus, support for the amendments is not apparent. Applicants respectfully disagree with this suggestion; however, in the interests of advancing prosecution, claims 1, 11 and 21 as amended now contain no reference to incremental construction methods, and all claims now recite "ligand" as when the application was originally filed. It is believed that the rejection is hereby overcome.

**Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §102**

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Ho, et al. The rejection is traversed.

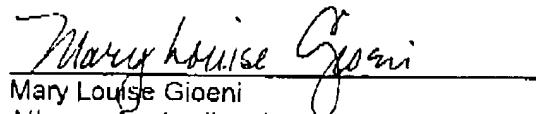
As noted above, teachings of the reference with respect to whether Ho teaches the first step of independent claims 1, 11 and 21 were discussed during the telephone interview with Examiners Scheinberg and Marschel. Applicants reiterate the point that Ho et al. do not disclose

**Docket No. 1073.060**

the conformational search procedure of the claims as amended, and particularly, of performing a conformational search to generate multiple conformations of a ligand in solution. In order to emphasize this, and at the same time, to clarify that interaction of the ligand with a solvent is considered when the search is performed and remove any ambiguity about the meaning of the term "solution" in these claims, the term is now replaced with "in solution". There is no mention of searching, evaluating or considering solvent interactions of a ligand in any way in the Ho publication. Accordingly, Applicants submit that Ho et al. do not disclose this element/step of the claims and therefore do not anticipate the claims. It is believed that the rejection is hereby overcome.

Entry of the amendments and allowance of the pending claims is respectfully requested.

*Respectfully submitted,*

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mary Louise Gioeni  
Attorney for Applicant  
Registration No. 41,779

Dated: September 17, 2002

**HESLIN ROTHENBERG FARLEY & MESITI, P.C.**  
5 Columbia Circle  
Albany, New York 12203  
Telephone: (518) 452-5600  
Facsimile: (518) 452-5579

N:\USERS\1073 Pharmacopeia\1073060\TO PTO\1073060-Resp-6-17-02 OA.doc

Docket No. 1073.060

"VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE."

## In the Claims:

1. (Thrice Amended) A computer-aided method of docking a molecule-ligand to a protein having a binding site, said method comprising:

performing a pre-docking conformational search to generate multiple solution conformations of the molecule; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution;

generating a binding site image of the protein, said binding site image comprising multiple hot spots;

matching hot spots of the binding site image to atoms in at least one solution conformation of the multiple solution conformations of the molecule; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution to obtain at least one position of the molecule-ligand relative to the protein in a protein-ligand complex; and

optimizing the at least one position of the molecule-ligand while allowing translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule-ligand to vary, and while holding the protein fixed;

wherein said method is not an incremental construction method.

2. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises creating a database of the multiple solution conformations of the ligand in solution and storing said three-dimensional database for subsequent use by said matching.

3. (Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein said database of the multiple solution conformations of the ligand in solution comprises a conformational database of a combinatorial library.

4. (Thrice Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises:

randomly generating a plurality of conformations of the molecule;

minimizing a strain of each conformation of the plurality of conformations;

using the strain and a solvent accessible surface area of each conformation to rank the conformations; and

clustering the conformations and retaining a desired top number of clusters of conformations, said retained top number of clusters of conformations comprising said

Docket No. 1073.060

~~multiple solution conformations of the molecule~~  
~~multiple conformations of the ligand in~~  
~~solution.~~

7. **(Twice Amended)** The method of claim 1, wherein said matching comprises:  
 matching atoms of the at least one solution-conformation ~~of the ligand in solution~~  
 to appropriate hot spots of the protein by positioning the at least one solution  
 conformation ~~of the ligand in solution~~ as a rigid body into the binding site image;  
 defining a match, said match determining a unique rigid body transformation; and  
 using the unique rigid body transformation to place the at least one solution  
 conformation of the molecule ~~in solution~~ into the binding site of the protein.

8. **(Amended)** The method of claim 7, wherein said determining the unique rigid  
 body transformation comprises determining the unique rigid body transformation that minimizes:

$$I(R, T) = \sum_{j=1}^n |H_j - RA_j - T|^2$$

where:

$I(R, T)$  = rms deviation between a  $j^{th}$  hot spot and a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one  
~~solution-conformation of the ligand in solution;~~

$H_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  hot spot of the protein;

$A_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one solution-conformation ~~of~~  
~~the ligand in solution;~~

$R$  = a  $3 \times 3$  rotation matrix; and

$T$  = a translation vector.

9. **(Thrice Amended)** The method of claim 1, wherein multiple positions of the  
~~molecule-ligand~~ are obtained, and said optimizing step comprises :

eliminating each position of the ~~molecule-ligand~~ having a predetermined  
 percentage of atoms with a steric clash;

ranking remaining positions of the ~~molecule-ligand~~ using an atom pairwise score  
 with a desired atom score cutoff, said atom pairwise score comprising a hydrogen  
 bonding potential score or a steric potential score;

after ranking, clustering the positions of the ~~molecule-ligand~~ and selecting a top  
 number  $n$  of positions; and

optimizing each of the  $n$  positions, allowing the translation, orientation and  
 rotatable bonds of the ~~molecule-ligand~~ to vary.

Docket No. 1073.060

10. (Thrice Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein said optimizing comprises optimizing each position of the n positions using a Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno (BFGS) optimization algorithm with said atom pairwise score, allowing the translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule-ligand to vary.

11. (Thrice Amended) A computer-aided system for docking a molecule-ligand to a protein having a binding site, said system comprising:

means for performing a pre-docking conformational search to generate multiple solution conformations of the molecule; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution;

means for generating a binding site image of the protein, said binding site image comprising multiple hot spots;

means for matching hot spots of the binding site image to atoms in at least one solution conformation of the multiple solution conformations of the molecule; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution to obtain at least one position of the molecule-ligand relative to the protein in a protein-ligand complex; and

means for optimizing the at least one position of the molecule-ligand while allowing translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule-ligand to vary, and while holding the protein fixed;

wherein said system does not use an incremental construction method.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein said means for performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises means for creating a database of the multiple solution conformations conformations of the ligand in solution, and for storing said three-dimensional database for subsequent use by said matching.

13. The system of claim 12, wherein said database of the multiple solution conformations conformations of the ligand in solution comprises a conformational database of a combinatorial library.

14. (Thrice Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein said means for performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises:

means for randomly generating a plurality of conformations of the molecule-ligand;

means for minimizing a strain of each conformation of the plurality of conformations;

means for using the strain and a solvent accessible surface area of each conformation to rank the conformations; and

Docket No. 1073.060

means for clustering the conformations and retaining a desired top number of clusters of conformations, said retained top number of clusters of conformations comprising said ~~multiple-solution-conformations-of-the-molecule~~multiple conformations of the ligand in solution.

17. (Twice Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein said means for matching comprises:

means for matching atoms of the at least one solution-conformation of ~~the ligand in solution~~ to appropriate hot spots of the protein by positioning the at least one solution conformation of ~~the ligand in solution~~ as a rigid body into the binding site image;

means for defining a match, said match determining a unique rigid body transformation; and

means for using the unique rigid body transformation to place the at least one solution-conformation of the molecule~~ligand in solution~~ into the binding site of the protein.

18. (Thrice Amended) The system of claim 17, wherein said determining the unique rigid body transformation comprises determining the unique rigid body transformation that minimizes:

$$I(R, T) = \sum_{j=1}^n \| H_j - RA_j - T \|^2$$

where:

$I(R, T)$  = rms deviation between a  $j^{th}$  hot spot and a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one solution-conformation of ~~the ligand in solution~~;

$H_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  hot spot of the protein;

$A_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one solution-conformation of ~~the ligand in solution~~;

$R$  = a  $3 \times 3$  rotation matrix; and

$T$  = a translation vector.

19. (Thrice Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein multiple positions of the molecule~~ligand~~ are obtained, and said means for optimizing comprises:

means for eliminating each position of the molecule~~ligand~~ having a predetermined percentage of atoms with a steric clash;

means for ranking remaining positions of the molecule~~ligand~~ using an atom pairwise score with a desired atom score cutoff, said atom pairwise score comprising a hydrogen bonding potential score or a steric potential score;

Docket No. 1073.060

after ranking, means for clustering the positions of the molecule~~ligand~~ and selecting a top number n of positions; and  
means for optimizing each of the n positions, allowing the translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule~~ligand~~ to vary.

20. (Thrice Amended) The system of claim 19, wherein said means for optimizing comprises means for optimizing each position of the n positions using a Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno (BFGS) optimization algorithm with said atom pairwise score, allowing the translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule~~ligand~~ to vary.

21. (Thrice Amended) At least one program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying at least one program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method of docking a molecule~~ligand~~ to a protein having a binding site, said method comprising:

performing a pre-docking conformational search to generate multiple solution conformations of the molecule~~ligand~~; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution;  
generating a binding site image of the protein, said binding site image comprising multiple hot spots;  
matching hot spots of the binding site image to atoms in at least one solution conformation of the multiple solution conformations of the molecule~~ligand~~; multiple conformations of the ligand in solution to obtain at least one position of the molecule~~ligand~~ relative to the protein in a protein-ligand complex; and  
optimizing the at least one position while allowing translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule~~ligand~~ to vary, and while holding the protein fixed; wherein said method is not an incremental construction method.

22. The at least one program storage device of claim 21, wherein said performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises creating a database of the multiple solution conformations-conformations of the ligand in solution and storing said three-dimensional database for subsequent use by said matching.

23. The at least one program storage device of claim 22, wherein said database of the multiple solution-conformations-conformations of the ligand in solution comprises a conformational database of a combinatorial library.

Docket No. 1073.060

24. (Thrice Amended) The at least one program storage device of claim 21, wherein said performing the pre-docking conformational search comprises:

- randomly generating a plurality of conformations of the molecule/ligand;
- minimizing a strain and a solvent accessible surface area of each conformation of the plurality of conformations;
- using the strain of each conformation to rank the conformations; and
- clustering the conformations and retaining a desired top number of clusters of conformations, said retained top number of clusters of conformations comprising said multiple solution conformations of the molecule/ligand/multiple conformations of the ligand in solution.

27. (Twice Amended) The at least one program storage device of claim 21, wherein said matching comprises:

- matching atoms of the at least one solution-conformation of the ligand in solution to appropriate hot spots of the protein by positioning the at least one solution conformation of the ligand in solution as a rigid body into the binding site image;
- defining a match, said match determining a unique rigid body transformation; and
- using the unique rigid body transformation to place the at least one solution conformation of the molecule/ligand in solution into the binding site of the protein.

28. (Thrice Amended) The at least one program storage device of claim 27, wherein said determining the unique rigid body transformation comprises determining the unique rigid body transformation that minimizes:

$$I(R, T) = \sum_{j=1}^J |H_j - RA_j - T|^2$$

where:

$I(R, T)$  = rms deviation between a  $j^{th}$  hot spot and a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one solution-conformation of the ligand in solution;

$H_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  hot spot of the protein;

$A_j$  = a position vector of a  $j^{th}$  atom of the at least one solution-conformation of the ligand in solution;

$R$  = a 3x3 rotation matrix; and

$T$  = a translation vector.

29. (Thrice Amended) The at least one program storage device of claim 21, wherein multiple positions of the molecule/ligand are obtained, and said optimizing step comprises :

Docket No. 1073.060

eliminating each position of the molecule~~ligand~~ having a predetermined percentage of atoms with a steric clash;

ranking remaining positions of the molecule~~ligand~~ using an atom pairwise score with a desired atom score cutoff, said atom pairwise score comprising a hydrogen bonding potential score or a steric potential score;

after ranking, clustering the positions of the molecule~~ligand~~ and selecting a top number n of positions; and

optimizing each of the n positions, allowing the translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule~~ligand~~ to vary.

30. (Thrice Amended) The at least one program storage device of claim 29, wherein said optimizing comprises optimizing each position of the n positions using a Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno (BFGS) optimization algorithm with said atom pairwise score, allowing the translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the molecule~~ligand~~ to vary.